A Guide to applying for a Student Route visa from overseas

To be used in conjunction with ‘How to complete the OVERSEAS Student Route Visa application form’

2024/5 (Version 1)

Please note: this guide is for Student Route application submitted overseas only. If you are already in the UK, and need to extend your visa, then a different application process applies, and you should not follow this guide. We strongly recommend you contact us for advice regarding your eligibility to apply for a visa from within the UK.
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1. How do I apply for my Student Route visa?

You must apply for your visa online at [https://www.gov.uk/student-visa/apply](https://www.gov.uk/student-visa/apply)

You need your passport and CAS (Confirmation of Acceptance for Studies) number to complete your application.

Your CAS will be assessed as part of your visa application. It is very important that your CAS is accurate and that the information in your CAS and your visa application form is consistent.

When submitting your visa application online, you will need to pay the visa fee and the [Immigration Health Surcharge](#). Your application is submitted once all fees are paid.

You will then book an appointment at a Visa Application Centre (VAC) through the application system. You cannot book an appointment or view the booking system until your application is submitted. **There may be delays and limited availability of appointments in peak periods, so please prepare in advance.**

At the appointment, you will give your biometrics, and submit the following documents:

- A printed version of your online visa application form
- A printed copy of your appointment details
- Your current passport
- A TB test certificate (if required)
- Evidence that you meet the maintenance requirements
- Your academic certificates and your IELTS certificate, if your CAS lists these
- Your ATAS Certificate (if required)
- A letter of consent from your parent or a legal guardian if you are below 18 at the date you submit your online visa application
- An original translation of any document listed above which is not in English

Read our guide ‘How to complete the OVERSEAS Student Route Visa application form’ on the intranet which explains how to use your CAS to answer the questions on the application form.

Please note, you may be exempt from providing certain documents at the point of application if you qualify for the differentiation arrangement.

2. When can I submit my visa application?

You should apply no more than six months before the start date of your course. The start date will be on your CAS statement. You cannot apply for your visa until you have your CAS statement issued.

3. When can I travel to the UK?

If you are studying a course that is six months or longer or you are undertaking a pre-sessional course that is less than six months, you can come to the UK either one month before your course start date or seven days before your intended date of travel, if entry clearance is granted less than 1 month before the start date of your course.

4. What is a Biometric Residence Permit (BRP), and where and when do I collect it?
If you are applying to come to the UK to study a course that is longer than 6 months and your visa is granted, you will be issued with a vignette (sticker) inside your passport which will be valid for 90 days. The vignette is proof only of your permission to enter the UK and it will allow you to travel to the UK within the specified period. If you do not travel to the UK within this period, you will have to apply for another vignette. You will be charged an additional fee for this and it will delay your entry to the UK.

When you arrive in the UK, you must collect your Biometric Residence Permit (BRP). The BRP is evidence of your immigration permission for the duration of your stay in the UK. It is issued as a credit-card sized card with your photo and personal details on it. You will need to show your BRP any time you want to enter the UK.

You can select to collect your BRP from either:
1) Cardiff University or;
2) a Post Office
You make your selection in the final stages of your application. The form automatically selects the Post Office nearest Cardiff University for you to collect your BRP. If you wish to collect from the University directly, select the option to collect your BRP from Cardiff University by entering 2HE562 in the ‘Alternative Location’ box. Please note that this collection point can be used by Cardiff University students and their dependants only.

If you select to collect from Cardiff University, you will collect your BRP card at the same time as your student ID card, during enrolment.

Important update: BRPs will no longer be used after 31 December 2024. After this time all UK Student Visas will take the form of an eVisa. Please see the section below for more information about this new immigration evidence.

5. What is an eVisa and how do I access mine?

Please note: the way you prove your immigration status is changing.

The UKVI are taking steps to replace BRPs and visa vignettes (stickers) with electronic only status, known as an eVisa. The eVisa is accessible online through a UKVI account, and shareable through a share code.

For those students who currently hold a BRP or who are applying for their visa currently but have or will have a student visa that extends past 31 December 2024, you will required to create a UKVI online account before the end of the year. We strongly recommend that you do this as soon as possible to allow you to access your full visa right away. You must wait until your visa is granted to create your account.

The UKVI are currently emailing visa holders to invite them to create a UKVI account. If you have not been emailed, this is not a problem. You may be emailed in the coming weeks, or you will be able to use the system when it is opened up to all users. You can find up-to-date information on the process for creating a UKVI account and accessing your eVisa here: Online immigration status (eVisa) - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)
We will update our information as more details are provided by the UKVI.

6. What is a sponsor?

In Student visa documents and application form, you will see 2 sponsors referred to: your educational sponsor (referred to as ‘sponsor’) and your official financial sponsor. This section is about your educational sponsor.

Updated May 2024
If you have an offer of a place to study with us, Cardiff University will be named as your educational sponsor in your CAS statement. The University has a sponsor license to sponsor international students to come to the UK and assigns a CAS to full-time international students applying for a Student Route visa.

You cannot apply for a Student Route visa without receiving your CAS. You cannot apply to join Cardiff University based on a CAS sent to you by another university.

7. Will I be interviewed as part of my visa application?

The Home Office may ask you to attend an interview to check if you genuinely wish to enter the UK to study. If you are asked to attend such an interview you must do so. If you do not, the Home Office are likely to refuse your application.

8. What is a CAS, and how and when will I get one?

A CAS is a virtual document, it is not a paper certificate.

Your CAS is created by Cardiff University. It will contain your personal information, details about the course you will be studying at Cardiff University, and information about your course fees.

The process to get a CAS involves the following steps:

1. You will receive an e-mail from Cardiff University asking you to check that the details in your CAS statement are correct.
2. Once you have confirmed that the details in your CAS are correct, a CAS number will be sent to you by email.
3. You will need to enter the CAS number in your online visa application.

9. My SIMS online account shows the words “Still AV”, what does this mean?

This means your record is still set at Applicant View, and your attempt to confirm the information in your CAS was not completed successfully. Please check your CAS again. When you have successfully confirmed the details in your CAS, you will receive a message to say that your CAS will be issued soon.

10. I have amended my CAS. What happens now?

Your amendment will be considered by staff in the University Student Visa Compliance (SVC) team. If it is acceptable, your CAS will be amended before it is sent to the Home Office.

11. My final CAS statement has a mistake on it. Can it be amended?

If your CAS has not been used for a visa application, the SVC team can make minor amendments. For example, they can update to show that you have paid fees to the University. They can also make some basic corrections, such as correcting your passport number.

They cannot make major changes to your CAS, such as changing your course title or your course dates. In these situations, they will need to withdraw your CAS and replace it with a new one. You must delete your old CAS and use the new one.

12. What do “NQF” and “RQF” mean?

NQF and RQF refer to a national standardisation for UK qualifications, they are exactly equivalent.
A qualification at
• NQF/RQF6 is equivalent to a bachelor’s degree course;
• NQF/RQF7 is equivalent to a master’s;
• NQF/RQF8 is equivalent to a PhD.
The RQF/NQF level can be seen below the course title on your CAS statement. Your CAS states this as NQF, but the application form will request it as RQF.

13. The course end date in my CAS

For bachelor’s, master’s, and taught PhD programmes the end date on your CAS will be the date you are expected to finish your course. Your visa will be granted for a fixed period after this end date dependent on the length of your course. Please use the chart to confirm the period you should be granted:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Course</th>
<th>Period granted before course start date</th>
<th>Period granted after course end date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12 months or longer</td>
<td>1 Month</td>
<td>4 Months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 months or longer but under 12 months</td>
<td>1 Month</td>
<td>2 Months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A pre-sessional course of less than 6 months</td>
<td>1 Month</td>
<td>1 Month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A course of less than 6 months which is not a pre-sessional course</td>
<td>7 Days</td>
<td>7 Days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14. What is a ‘combined CAS’ and am I eligible for it?

A combined CAS is only relevant for those joining a pre-sessional English language course. It allows you to apply for a single Student Route visa for your pre-sessional course plus your substantive course (that is, your main academic course). The UK Immigration Rules mean we can only issue a combined CAS if you meet certain requirements. These can be seen in the Student Route Policy Guidance.

If you are not eligible for a combined CAS, you will apply for a Student Route visa for your pre-sessional course only. You will need to apply for a new visa after completing this course. You can normally make this second application in the UK, providing you successfully complete your pre-sessional course.

15. I am a dual national and/or I have British nationality. Does this make a difference?

If you are a British citizen (which is normally evidenced by you holding a British passport), you will not require a UK visa. You will need to present your British passport.

If you are a dual national, or have more than two nationalities, but none of your nationalities are British, then you will require a visa. Please ensure that you provide the university with a copy of the passport that you wish to use in your visa application, and ensure that you use the same passport details when completing the visa application form.

If you have a passport that states ‘British National Overseas’, ‘British overseas territories citizen’ or ‘British overseas citizen’, you will need a visa.

16. What is the differentiation arrangement, and do I qualify for it?

Updated May 2024
Applying under the differentiation arrangement means that you do not have to provide supporting documents for finances or qualifications. To benefit, you must make your application in the UK or in your country of nationality. However, the Home Office reserves the right to request the full range of documents in all cases. All students must ensure that they have these documents available on request.

The differentiation arrangement applies to anyone who:
(a) holds a passport which shows they are registered as a British National (Overseas), or which was issued by the competent authorities of Hong Kong SAR, Macau SAR or Taiwan (which includes the number of the identification card issued by the competent authority in Taiwan); or
(b) is a national of any of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Australia</th>
<th>Denmark</th>
<th>Liechtenstein</th>
<th>Serbia</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Austria</td>
<td>The Dominican Republic</td>
<td>Lithuania</td>
<td>Singapore</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bahrain</td>
<td>Estonia</td>
<td>Luxembourg</td>
<td>Slovakia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barbados</td>
<td>Finland</td>
<td>Malaysia</td>
<td>Slovenia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belgium</td>
<td>France</td>
<td>Malta</td>
<td>South Korea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Botswana</td>
<td>Germany</td>
<td>Mauritius</td>
<td>Spain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brazil</td>
<td>Greece</td>
<td>Mexico</td>
<td>Sweden</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brunei</td>
<td>Hungary</td>
<td>Netherlands</td>
<td>Switzerland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bulgaria</td>
<td>Iceland</td>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>Thailand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cambodia</td>
<td>Indonesia</td>
<td>Norway</td>
<td>Tunisia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Ireland</td>
<td>Oman</td>
<td>United Arab Emirates</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chile</td>
<td>Italy</td>
<td>Peru</td>
<td>United States of America</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Poland</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Croatia</td>
<td>Kazakhstan</td>
<td>Portugal</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Republic of Cyprus</td>
<td>Kuwait</td>
<td>Qatar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Czech Republic</td>
<td>Latvia</td>
<td>Romania</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This list is updated periodically and can be confirmed in Appendix Student of the Immigration Rules (Paragraph ST22.1): [https://www.gov.uk/guidance/immigration-rules/appendix-st-student](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/immigration-rules/appendix-st-student)

17. Do I need to prove my English language ability?

Only very specific language tests are accepted by the Home Office.

These can be found at: [https://www.gov.uk/guidance/prove-your-english-language-abilities-with-a-secure-english-language-test-selt#approved-test-providers-and-approved-tests](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/prove-your-english-language-abilities-with-a-secure-english-language-test-selt#approved-test-providers-and-approved-tests)
However, as a Higher Education Provider with a track record of compliance, we can assess your English level and decide if it is of the required level for all courses at degree level and above. If your CAS confirms that you meet English language requirements further documents are not needed. Details of English language tests accepted by Cardiff University can be found here: English language requirements - Study - Cardiff University

18. Do I need Academic Technology Approval Scheme (ATAS) clearance?

ATAS is a security clearance required for certain science and engineering based postgraduate courses.

Your offer letter and later your CAS will confirm if you require an ATAS certificate. Your offer letter will state the CAH3 code required to apply.

If you require an ATAS certificate, then you must apply for and receive the certificate BEFORE applying for your Student visa. You can apply for an ATAS certificate up to six months in advance of your course start date. You do not need to wait for your CAS number to apply. Early applications are strongly advised as there are frequent delays in processing. An ATAS certificate is valid for six months from date of issue, which should allow you plenty of time to apply for your visa.

Find our full ATAS guidance here.

You must still provide your ATAS certificate if you are covered by the differentiation arrangement.

Certain nationalities are exempt from the ATAS requirement. These are listed here: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/find-out-if-you-require-an-atas-certificate

19. I have previously studied in the UK. Is this important?

Yes – it is VERY important.

You must tell us about any previous studies in the UK, even if you didn’t complete those studies. If you do not, your visa application is at risk of refusal due to limits on the time that can be spent studying in the UK.

You must send scanned copies of any course qualifications, transcripts and certificates showing your previous study in the UK to Admissions. Please also send a copy of any previous CAS statements issued to you or copies of your previous UK visas.

20. What are the Student Route financial requirements (also called “maintenance”)?

You must prove that you have enough money available to you to pay for your first year’s tuition fees and your living expenses. The Immigration Rules are very specific, and you must follow the guidance below very carefully.

You must still have this money available to you in a suitable format, but may be exempt from providing documentary evidence if you qualify for the differentiation arrangement.

21. How much money will I need to show?

All students applying for Student Route entry clearance must have the following levels of funds available to them:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Your course length as stated in your CAS</th>
<th>What you must show</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 9 months</td>
<td>Your full course fee plus £1,023 living expenses for each month of your course length</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 9 months</td>
<td>Your first-year course fee plus £9,207 living expenses</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If you have dependants and your course is shorter than 9 months, you will need proof that you have the equivalent of £680 per dependant for each month of immigration permission (visa) they will be granted up to a maximum of 9 months.

If you have dependants and your course is longer than 9 months, you will also need proof that you have the equivalent of £6,120 for each dependant. For further information regarding dependant applications, please access our information here: Students with families - New students - Cardiff University or here if you are an ongoing student only: Bringing your family (dependants) to the UK - Student intranet - Cardiff University

22. What if I have already paid towards my tuition fees?

If you have already paid some money for your tuition fees and this is confirmed on your CAS, you can deduct this from the total amount of fees you need to show.

For example:
Total fees: £17,500
Student Paid: £2,500

17500-2500 = 15000

Students needs to show £15,000 for tuition fees (plus funds for living expenses)

23. What if I have already paid towards my accommodation fees?

If you have paid money to Cardiff University Residences only, a maximum of £1,265 can be deducted from the amount you need to show for living costs. Even if you have paid more than this, more CANNOT be deducted.

If you have paid money to private landlords, letting agencies and/or private halls of residence this CANNOT be deducted from your living costs.

24. How do I prove that I have paid my tuition and/or accommodation fees?

Your CAS will show what fees you have paid to the University.
If you pay your fees after you have received your CAS, you MUST notify the SVC team.

It can take up to 10 working days (2 weeks) for your fees to reach the University. Once your fees have been deposited, our fees office will automatically send you an acknowledgement of your payment. Attach this receipt to an enquiry on the Student Connect Portal for the Student Visa Compliance Team, quoting your student number, and SVC will update your CAS. They will then email the updated CAS to you. Please allow 5 working days for this.

Your visa application can be refused if you use a CAS which has not been updated to show fees paid.

25. What documents must I submit to prove that I meet the financial requirements?

Updated May 2024
The Immigration Rules and Guidances are very strict about the financial documents you must show to prove you have enough money for your Student Route visa.

The visa officer will only accept the following documents:

1. Cash in your personal bank account
2. Cash in your parent or legal guardian’s personal bank account
3. A [bank loan] in your name
4. [Letter from an official financial or government sponsor].

Shares, bonds, overdrafts, credit cards, pension funds and similar savings accounts will not be accepted.

If you are using overseas bank statements that are not in pounds sterling (£), you should write the closing balance in pounds sterling on the statement. Use the exchange rate on the date of your submitted visa application using the OANDA website [https://www.oanda.com/currency/converter/](https://www.oanda.com/currency/converter/)

You must still have this money available to you in a suitable format but may be exempt from providing documentary evidence if you qualify for the [differentiation arrangement](https://www.oanda.com/currency/converter/).

**Money held in a bank account**

You must show that you have held the required amount of money in your personal account for a minimum of 28 calendar days before the date of application.

Your money must NOT be held in a bank or a financial institution with which the Home Office is unable to make satisfactory verification checks. More information available [here](https://www.oanda.com/currency/converter/).

You must provide one of the following documents to show that cash funds have been held in a bank account:

- Personal bank statements
- Personal bank statements in your partners name ONLY if they are applying with you or already hold a valid UK visa
- Joint account statements
- Letter from the bank
- Personal bank statements of a parent or legal guardian

Whichever document you use, it must contain the following information:

- Name
- Account number
- Date of statement
- Name and logo of bank / building society
- That your balance has not fallen below the required amount for the full 28-day period
- That the required amount is in your account until the closing balance of the statement.

Personal bank statements must cover a consecutive 28-day period. The end of that 28-day period and the closing balance must be no more than 31 days before the date you submit your online visa application.

Joint account statements are acceptable provided you are named as one of the account holders.

A **letter from your bank** must be produced on the letter-headed paper of the bank. It must confirm the money has been held for 28 days and be issued no more than 31 days before the date of your online visa application.
If you use cash held in a parent or legal guardian’s bank account, then you must provide all the following:

- Parental or legal guardian bank statements covering a consecutive 28-day period. These must meet all the requirements described for personal bank statements.

- Signed and dated letter from your parent(s) or legal guardian which confirms your relationship to them, and that they give permission for the funds to be used for your study in the UK.

- Your:
  - birth certificate showing the names of your parent(s)/legal guardian(s) or;
  - your adoption certificate showing names of both parent(s) or legal guardian(s) or;
  - a court document naming your parent(s)/legal guardian(s).

**Educational loans**

Bank loan letters are only acceptable if the loan is an education loan. It can only be provided by a national government, a state or regional government, or a government sponsored student loan company or is part of an academic or educational loans scheme.

The loan must be:

- in your name, not in the name of your parents or legal guardian
- made up of money held by a financial institution which is regulated by either the Financial Conduct Authority or the Prudential Regulatory Authority (if the institution is based in the UK) or, in the case of overseas accounts, by the home regulator (that is, the official regulatory body for the country the financial institution is in and where the money is held) for the purpose of student loans.

There must be no conditions placed on the release of the loan funds to you, other than your Student Route application being successful.

To evidence your loan, you must provide a letter from the financial institution confirming the loan. The letter must show:

- name
- the date of the letter
- the financial institution’s name and logo
- the money available as a loan
- that the loan is provided by your national government, their state or regional government, a government sponsored student loan company or is part of an academic or educational loans scheme.

The letter must be no more than 6 months old. It must be produced on official letter-headed paper.

**Official Financial Sponsorship**

If you are being given **Official Financial Sponsorship**:

The Home Office define an official sponsor as:
• The UK Government or your country’s Government
• The British Council
• Any international organisation
• Any international company
• Any university

You must provide a letter confirming that the sponsor will pay all your tuition fees and living expenses.

The letter must be:
• Printed on official letter-head paper
• Not more than 6 months old

The letter must show:
• Your name
• The date
• Name and contact details of your official financial sponsor
• Length of sponsorship (including start and end date)
• The amount of money they will give you OR confirmation that they will cover all tuition fees and living expenses
• Your dependant(s) names (if applicable)

If your sponsor only pays some of your costs, you will need a letter from them (as above) and proof that you have enough money yourself to meet the rest of the maintenance requirement e.g. personal bank statements.

If your total tuition fees and living expenses are covered by your official financial sponsor and they limit the time you may study in the UK, your visa will be limited to the same length of time (which is stated on the sponsor letter) plus the usual post-course period allowed.

If you have previously studied in the UK and you are no longer financially sponsored and are starting a new course within 12 months, your former sponsor must provide a letter saying that they agree that you can study in the UK. If the financial sponsor does not give consent, the Home Office could invalidate or refuse your application.

Vice Chancellor’s International scholarship
Please send any queries you have about international scholarships to international@cardiff.ac.uk.

If you are awarded a Vice Chancellor’s international scholarship, we will include this information in your CAS. If your CAS does not include this information, contact the Student Visa Compliance Team on Student Connect (quote your student number) with evidence of your scholarship. You must wait until your CAS is updated before you submit your online visa application if you are relying on this amount for your finances.

If any of your financial documents are not in English they will need to be translated. Please read our information regarding the specific requirements of a translation carefully.

26. What is the Immigration Health Surcharge, and do I have to pay it?

The Immigration Health Surcharge is a charge to access health care treatment in the UK.

The cost is:
• £776 per year of your Student Route visa.
• £388 for periods of 6 months or less.

You will be prompted to pay the IHS fee when submitting your visa application form online.
For further information on the IHS, please see: [https://www.gov.uk/healthcare-immigration-application/overview](https://www.gov.uk/healthcare-immigration-application/overview).

**27. Do I need a TB Test?**

If you are coming to the UK for more than 6 months and you live in one of the countries listed [here](https://www.gov.uk/healthcare-immigration-application/overview), you will need to be tested for tuberculosis (TB) and obtain a certificate that states you are free from infectious tuberculosis. The test includes having a chest X-ray and it must be undertaken at an accredited clinic or hospital which has been approved by the Home Office.

You must have received your TB test certificate before applying for your visa. Your TB certificate is valid for 6 months and must be included with your visa application.

For further information, please see: [https://www.gov.uk/tb-test-visa/overview](https://www.gov.uk/tb-test-visa/overview)

This document must be provided even if you qualify for the differentiation arrangement.

**28. I have changed my passport. Will this affect my visa application and/or my CAS?**

Yes. If you have already received your new passport, inform SVC as soon as possible. You should do this before you confirm your CAS. You can do so through the [student connect](https://www.gov.uk/tb-test-visa/overview) system; please state that your enquiry is FAO SVC: new passport.

Do not apply for your visa until your new passport has been issued.

**29. Do I need to translate my documents?**

All documents that you submit with your visa application must be in English. Any documents not in English must be accompanied by a full translation that can be independently verified by the Visa Officer. The translation must contain:

- confirmation that it is an accurate translation of the original document;
- the date of the translation;
- the full name and original signature of the translator or of an authorised official of the translation company; and
- the translator or translation company’s contact details and credentials.

To find a professional translator who is able to provide official certified translations contact the British Council in your country: [www.britishcouncil.org.uk](http://www.britishcouncil.org.uk).

If there is a local education advisor in your country, they may be able direct you to a professional translator.

**30. What happens if my visa is refused?**

If you believe the refusal is an error, you will normally have the right to challenge the decision if a mistake has been made in assessing your documents by the Home Office. This process is called ‘Administrative Review’. You must explain in writing why you believe the refusal is incorrect. No additional documents or evidence can be added at this stage, so please be aware that an administrative review can only be successful if

The process costs £80 and you must [apply online](https://www.gov.uk/tb-test-visa/overview).

The person assessing your Administrative Review will either uphold the Visa Officer’s original decision to refuse your application or overturn the refusal, which will result in your visa application
being re-assessed. The visa can be granted, however it can be refused again if further reason for refusal is noted.

Please refer to the UKVI guidance for advice on the current time frames for Administrative review. If you are overseas, please think carefully about the time it could take and your required enrolment date.

If your visa was refused because you forgot to include required documents or because your documents did not meet the UKVI requirements as described above, then you do not have grounds for an Administrative Review. You will need to make a new application. Please read the next section for guidance on this.

31. Can I apply for a new visa if my previous application was refused?

If your visa is refused, you can submit another visa application.

You need to carefully read the Refusal Notice to ensure that any new visa application corrects the reasons why your previous application was refused.

If you choose to apply for a new visa, please be aware that:

- You must request a new CAS (the CAS you used for your refused application will no longer be valid);
- As part of your request for a new CAS, you must send the Student Visa Compliance Team a full copy of your Refusal Notice;
- The University may request evidence of your finances before issuing a new CAS if your earlier visa application was refused because you failed to meet the financial requirement;
- A new CAS may not be issued if the University considers that your new visa application will not be successful;
- You will need to submit a brand-new visa application and pay the visa fee again. The fee for your refused visa application will not be refunded;
- You will need to pay the Immigration Health Surcharge again. The IHS fee you paid towards your refused visa application will be refunded to you, but this may take some time.

32. Once I am in the UK, can I apply to extend my visa from within the UK?

Whether you are entitled to extend your Student Route visa from within the UK depends on your circumstances. Please access our ‘guide to extending your student visa in the UK’ in the related documents section here for detailed advice.

Please contact us through student connect for further information.

33. Who should I contact with further questions?

- For visa queries, contact Student Visa Support: studentconnect.cardiff.ac.uk
- For CAS queries, contact Student Visa Compliance: studentconnect.cardiff.ac.uk
- For scholarship queries, contact the International Recruitment Office: international@cardiff.ac.uk
• For queries on residences and accommodation, contact Residences: residences@cardiff.ac.uk
• For queries about your course, please contact your academic school: https://www.cardiff.ac.uk/help/contact-us/academic-schools

34. Where can I find more information about the Student Route visa?

Please visit the following websites for further information:


https://www.ukcisa.org.uk/Information--Advice/Visas-and-Immigration/Applying-for-a-Student-route-visa-outside-the-UK

Imigration advice and services regulated by the Immigration Services Commissioner

Disclaimer

Whilst every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the information herein, Cardiff University can accept no responsibility for errors or omissions.

Cardiff University is not responsible for the content or reliability of the linked websites and does not necessarily endorse the views expressed within.

The government makes changes to the immigration rules and procedures on a regular basis, so it is important that you check the current guidance and rules when applying for a visa. For further information visit UKCISA and the Home Office website.