

Cardiff University Safeguarding Children and Adults at Risk Policy

Version Control

Version Number	UEB Sponsor	Approval Body/Officer	Date of approval
V 4.2	Chief Operating Officer & University Secretary	UEB	08/06/2026

This document is available in Welsh.

For queries on this policy please contact:

complianceandrisk@cardiff.ac.uk

1. PURPOSE

- 1.1. The purpose of this policy is to outline the processes, procedures and responsibilities in place, to safeguard children and adults at risk of harm¹.
- 1.2. It provides links to guidance and procedures including how to report and deal with a cause for concern.

2. SCOPE

- 2.1. This policy applies to all staff, students, volunteers and honorary/visiting role holders although specific responsibilities fall to certain roles and individuals.
- 2.2. This policy sits alongside and should be read in conjunction with the [Safeguarding reporting procedure](#).
- 2.3. All staff, students or volunteers who work with children or adults at risk must familiarise themselves with the procedures prior to engaging in any regulated activity².
- 2.4. To ensure consistency and legal and regulatory compliance, Academic Schools or Professional Services must not develop local procedures that deviate from this central policy unless they can demonstrate a specific need to do so. Where a need is identified for a local procedure, this must be approved by the Principal Safeguarding Officer or Lead Safeguarding Officer and will be reported to the Safeguarding and Prevent Group.
- 2.5. Where partnership arrangements are in place the correct safeguarding procedures must be agreed from the outset and included in the partnership contract or agreement.

¹ See appendix 1 for definitions.

² See appendix 1 for definitions of regulated activity

2.6. The Students' Union (SU) is responsible for:

- The design and implementation of local safeguarding procedures as they apply to the SU.
- liaising with the University on matters of Safeguarding and ensuring policies/procedures are up to date.
- ensuring the SU is complying with the safe recruitment of staff and students in line with the SU and University's Safeguarding and DBS policies/procedures facilitating relevant referrals to the University's Lead Safeguarding Officer and Principal Safeguarding Officer.
- Liaising with the University on reporting allegations/incidents (including to the Charity Commission if a serious incident happens or is suspected to have taken place) in relation to the SU.

2.7. When visiting schools and colleges, in the UK or abroad, staff, students and volunteers should ensure that they are aware of a point of contact for raising any concerns, including safeguarding concerns, within the setting. Staff, students and volunteers visiting settings such as schools and colleges regularly (e.g. more than 3 times in a year) should ensure that they have an understanding of safeguarding principles, have completed any training identified as necessary for the role and are aware of a point of contact for raising safeguarding concerns within the setting.

3. POLICY

- 3.1. Cardiff University is committed to safeguarding all children and adults at risk who are part of the University community or who come into contact with its staff, students, volunteers, honorary or visiting role holders, or contractors in the course of their work.
- 3.2. The University recognises its common law duty to take reasonable steps to ensure that reasonably foreseeable harm does not occur to children or adults at risk because of careless acts or omissions.
- 3.3. The University will promote awareness of safeguarding issues, encourage good practice, and support staff, students, and volunteers to make informed and confident responses in relation to safeguarding issues for children and adults at risk.
- 3.4. Through its teaching, research, outreach, and other activities, the University will provide a safe and supportive environment for all children and adults at risk.

4. SAFEGUARDING CARDIFF UNIVERSITY STUDENTS

Students Under 18

- 4.1. An application to study at the University from applicants who will be aged under 18 years at the commencement of their programme of study will be

dealt with according to the University's Policy for students entering the University under the age of 18 years and risk assessments appropriate to the specific circumstances of the applicant (e.g. age, programme applied for) will be conducted.

- 4.2. Risk assessments in respect of applicants who are under 16 require the approval of the Deputy Chief Operating Officer. Where adaptations are reasonable and proportionate, the University will put in place measures in order to control risks and ensure safeguarding and wellbeing. Risk assessment forms are available on the [Safeguarding children and adults at risk - Public information - Cardiff University](#) webpage.
- 4.3. The University reserves the right to refuse to admit a child or adult at risk to a programme of study, or other University managed activities, if it judges that the adaptations necessary to safeguard that individual's well-being go beyond what is reasonable and proportionate.
- 4.4. The University will provide particular guidance for applicants who will be aged under 18 years at the commencement of their programme of study about the nature of the University environment, which will include links to the University's broader safeguarding policy and contacts. Prior to enrolment, these documents will automatically be sent to guardian(s)/parent(s) for children aged 16 or under and will be available to guardian(s)/parent(s) of young people aged 17/18 upon request.

Students over the age of 18.

- 4.5. Students with specific support requirements (e.g. personal care or additional learning needs) may also be adults at risk. Where an accepted applicant has disclosed an appropriate condition, the [Student Disability Service](#) will request additional information for the purposes of risk assessment to include any safeguarding needs, identifying additional support and reasonable adjustments.

All Students - restrictions that may impact a programme of study

- 4.6. The University will require applicants and students to disclose any restrictions arising from criminal convictions or legal orders that may affect their ability to access online learning tools, communicate via email, or participate fully in their programme of study.
- 4.7. Where a student is subject to licence conditions, monitoring restrictions, or other legal constraints that may impact their ability to study alongside individuals under the age of 18, they must inform the University at the earliest opportunity.
- 4.8. Students must also disclose any restrictions such as curfews, restraining orders, or exclusion zones that could affect their ability to attend scheduled teaching, placements, or other course-related activities.
- 4.9. These disclosures are essential to enable the University to assess any safeguarding implications and to make appropriate arrangements in line with

relevant policies, including the Criminal Convictions Policy, [Fitness to Practise Policy](#), and [Student Conduct Procedure](#).

5. CONTRACTORS STAFF WORKING ON AND OFF UNIVERSITY PREMISES

- 5.1. The contractor is responsible, as the employer of staff working on or off the University's premises, for ensuring that each individual has been recruited appropriately to the role they are undertaking, and that DBS checks have been acquired where required for all appropriate roles in accordance with the eligibility criteria.
- 5.2. Any staff member of a contractor whose role gives them contact with children or adults at risk in the course of their duties for the University will be made aware of and will abide by the safeguarding policy and guidance of the University and may be required to attend appropriate training.

6. RESEARCH

- 6.1. It will be the responsibility of the Line Manager or Student Supervisor with the Lead DBS Counter Signatory³ to consider whether anyone working with children or adults at risk as part of a research project (whether staff or student within the University) requires a DBS disclosure.
- 6.2. All research involving children and adults at risk must obtain favourable ethical review from an appropriate ethical review process (please consult with your local School Research Ethics Committee or Open Research Integrity and Ethics Committee to confirm the appropriate ethical review process).

Note, all researchers must act in accordance with the [University's Research Integrity and Governance Code of Practice](#). Projects that involve multiple institutions/ organisations must have an agreed safeguarding process/protocol that adheres to the expectations set out in this policy.

- 6.3. For Research involving children (i.e. those under the age of 18), informed consent must always be obtained from the appropriate person. It is usual practice to obtain informed consent from a parent/legal guardian, alongside the consent or assent of the child. Whether the child is competent to give 'consent' will depend on a number of factors, including age, experience and the subject matter of the Research. It may not always be appropriate to obtain parental consent and this will depend on the particular circumstances. Ethics Committees will expect Researchers to justify any departure from usual practice.
- 6.4. Any research activity involving children or adults at risk will respect the person's right to confidentiality and comply with any relevant code of ethics applicable to the type of research being conducted.
- 6.5. The researcher should monitor the effect of the research on the person to

³ The first point of contact for the Lead DBS Counter Signatory is Human Resources

ensure that they feel comfortable with continuing with the research.

- 6.6. A risk assessment⁴ must be conducted to determine for each project the best environment in which the research should take place (for example research location or whether a chaperone is required). The researchers should also consider the participant's preferences when making decisions on the best environment in which the research should take place.
- 6.7. It is recognised that the focus of some research projects may result in a high number of safeguarding disclosures that will need to be recorded on the University Safeguarding Register and referred to relevant agencies (e.g. local authority social services, Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hubs (MASH), health services, or the police).
- 6.8. When research of this nature is carried out, a specific and supported process will be provided for the Research Team's Designated Safeguarding Lead to enable them to make external referrals to the relevant statutory safeguarding services (e.g. local authority social services, Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hubs (MASH), health services, or the police). A summary of every referral must be provided to complianceandrisk@cardiff.ac.uk to include on the referrals register maintained by the Compliance and Risk team.
- 6.9. Advice and escalation will remain available from the Lead Safeguarding Officer and Safeguarding policy lead (Head of Compliance and Risk).

7. CHILDREN ACCOMPANYING PARENTS OR GUARDIANS ON UNIVERSITY PREMISES

- 7.1. Where there has been an agreement that children accompany their parent(s)/guardian(s) onto any part of the University campus (including Residences), they always remain the responsibility of their parent(s)/guardians.
- 7.2. In line with Health and Safety Policies/Procedures, children may be admitted to University premises, other than areas open to the public, only with the prior knowledge and agreement of the relevant Head of School or Director of Professional Services or of an authorised deputy, except where specific arrangements have been made to accommodate them (e.g. the University Creche, as subjects of study or medical examination).
- 7.3. Heads of Schools or Directors of Professional Services Departments, in giving permission for children to be admitted to the area under their control, should ensure that the appropriate mechanisms are in place to ensure that risk assessments are carried out and suitable and sufficient control measures are in place and operational. If it has been agreed that a member of staff or student can bring their child on to campus, they have a responsibility and a

⁴ Risk assessment forms are available on the [Safeguarding children and adults at risk - Public information - Cardiff University](#) webpage.

legal duty under the Health and Safety at Work Act to ensure that their children are not put at risk or endanger others by their actions. Advice and policy on bringing children on to University premises is available from the Safety and Wellbeing Team (safety@cardiff.ac.uk) Occupational Safety, Health and Environment Unit.

- 7.4. The University reserves the right to direct that a child be removed from campus where the presence of the child is causing an unacceptable health and safety risk or an unreasonable risk to safeguarding.

8. WIDENING PARTICIPATION ACTIVITY

- 8.1. The Widening Participation Team will follow the University's Safeguarding Policy in all its activities involving children, young people, and adults at risk albeit that the work of the team is inherently different to that which takes place in other parts of the university.
- 8.2. Staff will risk assess and prepare for varying levels of safeguarding risk across different types of activity, including residential programmes and school-based sessions (templates are available online).
- 8.3. All Widening Participation Team staff and student ambassadors will be DBS checked and receive safeguarding and child protection training appropriate to their roles.
- 8.4. The team will maintain a Designated Safeguarding Officer and several Deputy Designated Safeguarding Officers to oversee safeguarding concerns.
- 8.5. Any safeguarding concerns related to Widening Participation activities must be directed to the team via outreach@cardiff.ac.uk.
- 8.6. Colleagues in other parts of the University conducting outreach, public engagement, or civic mission activities involving children or adults at risk are responsible for ensuring appropriate safeguarding arrangements are in place.

9. RECEIVING AND REPORTING SAFEGUARDING CONCERNS

- 9.1. A separate [Safeguarding reporting procedure](#) sits alongside this policy and should be read in conjunction with the policy below.
- 9.2. The University has a Lead Safeguarding Officer, two Principal Safeguarding Officers and a network of Designated Safeguarding Officers where required. These Officers will work with other agencies where appropriate to ensure legal and regulatory compliance and to achieve the aims of this policy. Current postholders' details can be found on the [Safeguarding Public Information](#) pages of the website.
- 9.3. Where you suspect that a child or adult at risk is in immediate danger you should contact the emergency services immediately. The incident should then be reported to the relevant Designated Safeguarding Officer as soon as possible.

- 9.4. Any safeguarding concerns that do not require an immediate emergency response should be reported to a Designated Safeguarding Officer (DSO) who will in turn report to the Lead and Principal Safeguarding Officers as appropriate. All staff should be made aware of who the DSO is in their relevant setting, before working with children or adults at risk.
- 9.5. In Academic Schools or Professional Services departments that do not have a Designated Safeguarding Officer (DSO) or Deputy Designated Safeguarding Officer (DDSO), any safeguarding concerns or requests for advice should be directed to the Lead Safeguarding Officer or one of the Principal Safeguarding Officers.
- 9.6. Allegations or concerns about abuse must be reported to the appropriate person (Lead Safeguarding Officer or Principal Safeguarding Officer) as quickly as possible and at most within 24 hours.
- 9.7. Under no circumstances should members of the University carry out their own investigation into suspicions or allegations of abuse, neither should they question victims beyond collating the information required for a referral, as to do so may undermine evidence and obstruct any investigation that may be carried out subsequently by the relevant statutory safeguarding services (e.g. local authority social services, Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hubs (MASH), health services, or the police).
- 9.8. Any allegation of abuse made against a member of staff, student or volunteer must be dealt with fairly, promptly and consistently. This must include completion of the appropriate risk assessment form and be undertaken in a way that provides effective protection for the child or adult at risk, while also supporting the person who is the subject of the allegation. Risk assessment forms are available on the [Safeguarding children and adults at risk - Public information - Cardiff University](#) webpage.
- 9.9. Any employee who considers that they themselves may be an adult at risk can seek support from line management and their trade union representative.
- 9.10. A staff member who considers that they have been subject to inappropriate behaviour or abuse should report and seek support under the [Dignity at Work and Study Policy](#).
- 9.11. Where an allegation is made against a member of staff, student or volunteer, the University will ensure that person is treated fairly in accordance with the relevant procedures and will try to minimise the stress inherent to the circumstances. Support for the individual is key to fulfilling this duty and members of staff who face allegations of abuse, harm or neglect can seek support from line management and their trade union.

10. REFERRAL TO STATUTORY SAFEGUARDING SERVICES

- 10.1. The Lead Safeguarding Officer and Principal Safeguarding Officer have the responsibility to act on behalf of the University in dealing with allegations or

suspicion of abuse or neglect (The exception will be where research is carried out and the focus of the research is likely to result in a high number of safeguarding disclosures – in these cases the referrals may be made by the Research lead). This will include collating details of the allegation or suspicion and referring the matter to the appropriate statutory authorities.

- 10.2. A written referral to the relevant statutory safeguarding services (e.g. local authority social services, Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hubs (MASH), health services, or the police) should be made as soon as a problem, suspicion or concern becomes apparent, with the aim of reporting within 24 hours for current (non- historical) concerns.
- 10.3. Consent should be sought for all referrals wherever possible unless it increases the risk of harm. The referral process will typically ask if consent has been obtained and require an explanation if it has not.
- 10.4. The appropriate Safeguarding Services to be contacted in instances of alleged abuse will be the one which covers the local authority area within which the incident occurred. Therefore, if the incident occurred at the individual's home/school, the appropriate geographical Children/Adult Services would be the one for that local authority area.
- 10.5. During office hours, referrals may be made by telephone to the relevant statutory safeguarding services (e.g. local authority social services, Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hubs (MASH), health services, or the police). Outside of office hours, a referral should be made to the Emergency duty team.
- 10.6. Safeguarding services should confirm receipt of a referral within one working day. If no response is received within three working days for an active safeguarding concern, you should contact the service again.
- 10.7. If the decision by relevant service is that no further action is taken, this should be recorded in writing, including the reasons for that decision.
- 10.8. It is important that any reasonable concerns are referred to relevant services, even if you think it may be unimportant or that the cultural context is not fully understood. The information provided could be crucial in a broader context.
- 10.9. All members of the University community should be committed to cooperating in any official investigation which may take place.
- 10.10. It is the task of designated statutory bodies (local authority social services, Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hubs (MASH), health services, the police) not the University, to assess the information given to them and to decide whether to investigate the matter further.

11. TRAINING

- 11.1. Any member of the University who will be planning activities with/for children or adults at risk is required to undertake appropriate training.

- 11.2. Training is mandatory for those with identified safeguarding roles and must be renewed every 3 years and as/when policies and procedures are changed substantially.
- 11.3. Activity organisers for regulated activities (e.g. residential courses for children including supervision between the hours of 2am and 6) are required to undertake appropriate training.
- 11.4. A recommendation to attend safeguarding training should be triggered by the line manager following a requirement for the post-holder of any role to be subject to an enhanced DBS check.

12. KEEPING RECORDS

- 12.1. Anyone who processes personal information must comply with the principles of the Data Protection legislation, which includes ensuring that personal information is fairly and lawfully processed, not excessive, is accurate, and kept securely.
- 12.2. Sharing of personal information is legal when the organisation has a legal obligation to fulfil, when they are acting to protect the vital interests of the subject or when it assists in the investigation of criminal activity.
- 12.3. All records relating to the disclosure or referral of a safeguarding concern must be stored securely and treated confidentially in line with information handling procedures.
- 12.4. Compliance and Risk keep a record of safeguarding concerns, disclosures and referrals. This information is provided to Compliance and Risk by the Designated Safeguarding Officer/Lead Safeguarding Officer/Principal Safeguarding Officer.

13. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- 13.1. A register of the following roles is kept by Compliance and Risk and is updated on an annual basis.
- 13.2. **Lead Safeguarding Officer (LSO).** The LSO is the Deputy Chief Operating Officer, who has overall accountability and strategic responsibility for safeguarding children and adults at risk within the University.
- 13.3. **Principal Safeguarding Officer (PSO).** The PSOs have responsibility for overseeing the implementation of the safeguarding policy within the University and providing leadership and support to Designated Safeguarding Officers. This is the Director of People and Culture with respect to staff and the Director of Student Life with respect to University students.
- 13.4. **Designated Safeguarding Officers (DSO).** These are officers appointed in Academic Schools and Professional Service departments where there are programmes or activities where staff and/or students work with children, and adults at risk as part of their roles. A DSO will be appointed to take

responsibility for safeguarding within that programme or activity. The DSO will normally be the organiser or coordinator of the programme or activity.

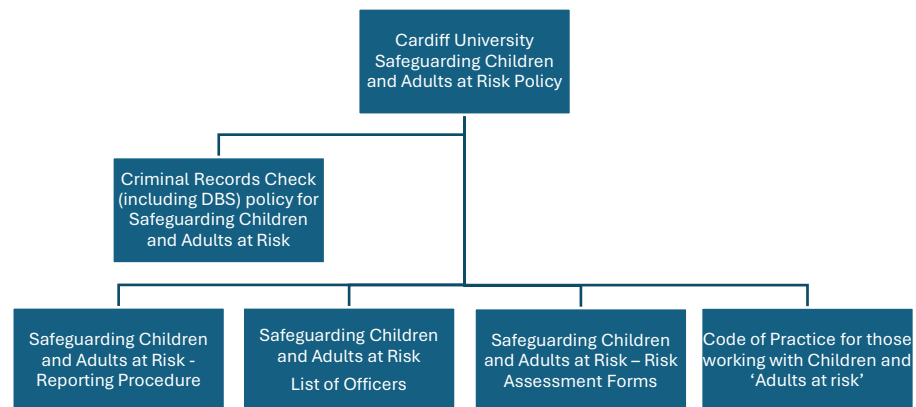
- 13.5. **Deputy Designated Safeguarding Officer (DDSO).** The DDSO is appointed to support the DSO and may be the first point of contact for the activity involving children/adults at risk. Depending on the scale of activity, there may be one or more nominated. Staff in areas that do not have a DSO or DDSO should report any concerns or seek advice from the Lead Safeguarding Officer or Principal Safeguarding Officers.
- 13.6. **Research DSO.** In relation to research activities involving children or adults at risk, it is the responsibility of the Head of School to ensure that a Designated Safeguarding Officer (DSO) is appointed to oversee safeguarding arrangements. The Research Designated Safeguarding Officer will usually be the person with overall responsibility for the activity (e.g. Principal Officer). The Research DSO may appoint a Deputy Designated Safeguarding Officer (DDSO) who is involved in day-to-day activity to support the Research DSO.
- 13.7. Contact details for each of these roles can be found on the [Safeguarding Public Information pages](#).
- 13.8. The Chief Operating Officer and University Secretary is the University Executive Board sponsor for this Policy.
- 13.9. The Head of Compliance and Risk (University Secretary's Office) is the policy owner.

14. MONITORING AND REVIEW

- 14.1. The Compliance and Risk team will maintain a register of all Safeguarding referrals. This register will include details of the referral, any identified potential risks, the referral steps taken, and the final decision outcome.
- 14.2. The Compliance and Risk team will submit an annual assurance report to the Safeguarding and Prevent Group and the University People, Cynefin and Governance Committee.
- 14.3. This policy will be informally reviewed by the Policy Owner on an annual basis, formally every three years, and will be updated as needed in response to any changes in relevant legislation.

15. RELATED POLICES

- 15.1. This policy forms part of a wider advice framework relating to safeguarding detailed below.



- **Cardiff University Safeguarding Children and Adults at Risk Policy**

Sets out the University's overarching commitment, principles, and responsibilities for safeguarding children and adults at risk, including roles, expectations, and governance arrangements.

- **Criminal Records Check (including DBS) Policy for Safeguarding Children and Adults at Risk**

Explains when and how criminal records checks (including DBS checks) are required, the types of checks applicable, and the responsibilities of staff and managers in safeguarding contexts.

- **Safeguarding Children and Adults at Risk – Reporting Procedure**

Provides step-by-step guidance on how to recognise, report, and escalate safeguarding concerns, including what to do in an emergency and how concerns are recorded and managed.

- **Safeguarding Children and Adults at Risk – List of Officers**

Identifies the University's designated safeguarding officers and key contacts, outlining their roles and how they support staff, students, and visitors.

- **Safeguarding Children and Adults at Risk – Risk Assessment Forms**

Offers templates to support risk assessment for activities involving children or adults at risk, helping ensure risks are identified, mitigated, and documented appropriately.

- **Code of Practice for Those Working with Children and 'Adults at Risk'**

Sets out expected standards of behaviour and good practice for anyone working with children or adults at risk, ensuring professional, safe, and appropriate conduct at all times.

15.2. It has a relationship with other University policies specifically –

- **Dignity at Work and Study policy**
- **Prevent Policy**

- [Student Conduct Regulations](#)

POLICY VERSION CONTROL INFORMATION

Document Name	Safeguarding Children and Adults at Risk Policy
UEB Policy Sponsor	COO and University Secretary
Policy Owner	Head of Compliance and Risk
Policy Author(s)	Ian Johnson, Thomas Tudor Jones & Catrin Morgan, Compliance and Risk, USO.
Version Number	4.2
Equality and Welsh Language Impact Assessment Date	March 2026
Privacy Impact Assessment Date	N/A
Approval Date	08 June 2026
Approved By	COO and University Secretary
Date of Implementation	June 2026
Date for Next Review	2028

Change History Record

Version amended and date of review	Reviewer(s)	Description of Change	Version created
	Compliance & Risk	This was a revision of interim Safeguarding Policy Children and Adults at Risk	V1.0
V 1.0	Compliance & Risk	Revised policy to clarify roles and responsibilities	V2.1

V 2.1	Compliance & Risk	Regular review of policy	V2.2
V 3.0	Compliance & Risk	Regular review of policy	V3
V 4.0	Compliance & Risk	Regular review of policy and update to new University policy template.	V4.1
V4.1	COO	Minor formatting changes	V4.2

APPENDIX 1 – DEFINITIONS/TERMINOLOGY

For the purposes of this policy, the following definitions will apply:

Term	Definition	Legislation
Child	The term 'child' is used within this document to refer to anyone under the age of 18. "Young person" is used in this document to refer to someone who has not attained the age of 18 but is older than 16.	The Children Act 1989 The Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 (Reg 19)
Adult at risk	A person over the age of 18 who: has needs for care and support (whether or not the authority is meeting any of those needs) and is experiencing or is at risk of abuse or neglect and as a result of those needs is unable to protect himself or herself against the abuse or neglect or the risk of it. People with learning disabilities, mental health problems, older people and disabled people may fall within this definition. Adults will be deemed as 'at risk' or 'vulnerable' at the point at which they are receiving regulated activity.	Under Part 7 of the Social services and Well Being (Wales) Act 2014
Regulated activity with children	Regulated activity with a child includes: Unsupervised teaching, training or instruction of children (teaching / training provided wholly or mainly for children not courses aimed at / delivered to students who are mainly over the age of 18), carried out by the same person frequently (once a week or more often), or on 4 or more days in a 30- day period, or overnight (2am - 6am); Care (personal and health care) or supervision of children; Advice or guidance provided wholly or mainly for children relating to their physical, emotional or educational well-being if carried out by the same person frequently (as above);	Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006 (amended by the Protection of Freedoms Act 2012). Further information is available at: www.gov.uk/disclosure-barring-service-check/overview

	Moderating a public electronic interactive communication service likely to be used wholly or mainly by children, carried out by the same person frequently (as above); Driving a vehicle being used to convey children	
Regulated activity with adults at risk	Regulated activity with adults at risk includes: Personal care (physical assistance with eating or drinking, toileting, washing or bathing, dressing, oral care or care of the skin, hair or nails provided for reasons of age, illness or disability), healthcare (by a health care professional or a person acting under the direction or supervision of a healthcare professional), social work, assistance in day-to-day matters including handling cash, driving the adult to appointments for the purposes of: health care, personal care or social work required due to age, illness or disability, people who hold a lasting or enduring power of attorney under the Mental Capacity Act 2005 (MCA), a deputy under the MCA, an Independent Mental Health/Capacity Advocate in respect of the individual.	Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006 (amended by the Protection of Freedoms Act 2012). Further information is available at: www.gov.uk/disclosure-barring-service-check/overview
Abuse	Abuse means physical, sexual, psychological, emotional or financial abuse (and includes abuse taking place in any setting, whether in a private dwelling, an institution or any other place). The full definition of abuse is available in the Safeguarding reporting procedure.	Social Services and Well-Being (Wales) Act 2014
Neglect	Neglect means a failure to meet a person's basic physical, emotional, social, or psychological needs, which is likely to result in an impairment of the person's well-being (for example, an impairment of the person's health or, in the case of a child, an impairment of the child's development).	